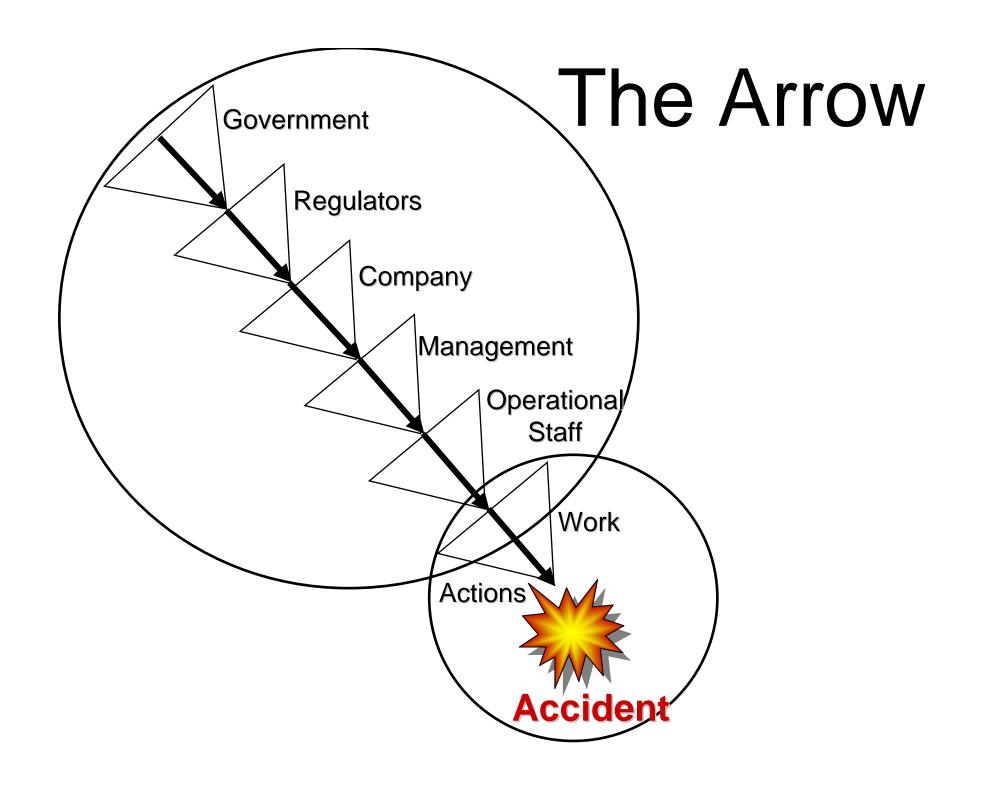
## How to Achieve High and Low Reliability Organizations

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- U.S.S. Greeneville
- U.S.S. San Francisco
- Hurricane Betsy
- Hurricane Katrina
- Bhopal, India
- Institute, West Virginia

- Challenger Space Shuttle
- Columbia Space Shuttle
- Piper Alpha Platform
- Petrobas Platform
- Amoco Cadiz
- Exxon Valdez

### What is an HRO?

### An organization

- –conducting relatively error free operations
- -over a long period of time
- and making consistently good decisions resulting in
- high quality and reliability operations

### 1. Process Auditing:

- An established system for ongoing checks designed to spot expected as well as unexpected safety problems.
- Safety drills are in this category, as is equipment testing.
- Follow-ups on problems revealed in prior audits are critical.

### 2. Reward System:

- The reward system is the payoff an individual or organization receives for behaving one way or another.
- Organizational theory points out that organizational reward systems have powerful influences on the behavior of individuals in them.
- Similarly, inter-organizational reward systems also influence behavior in organizations.

### 3. Quality Degradation:

 Avoiding degradation of quality and/or developing inferior quality: This refers to the essential quality of the system as compared to a referent generally regarded as the standard for quality in the industry.

### 4. Perception of Risk:

- There are at least two elements of risk perception;
  - (1) Whether or not there is knowledge that risk exists, and
  - (2) If there is knowledge that risk exists, the extent to which it is acknowledged and appropriately mitigated and/or minimized
- Part two is a logical outgrowth of part one.

## 5. Command and Control Elements:

- Migrating decision making: (the person with the most expertise makes the decision).
- Redundancy: (people and/or hardware), i.e., backup systems exist.
- Senior managers who see the "big picture": i.e., they don't micromanage.
- Formal rules and procedures: A definite existence of hierarchy but not necessarily bureaucracy in the negative sense.
- Training.

# High Reliability Organizations

#### Reward & Recognition

- -Drive the correct behaviors
- -Value contribution of the line

#### **Process auditing**

- spot the expected and unexpected

## Migrate decision making to the appropriate person

Senior managers

who see the big

**picture** 

**Quality Systems** 

Formal rules and procedures

**Depth/Org. Capacity** 

#### **Training**

High technical competence

#### **Risk Perception**

- Knowledge that risks exist?
- -Extent to which risk is acknowledged and mitigated

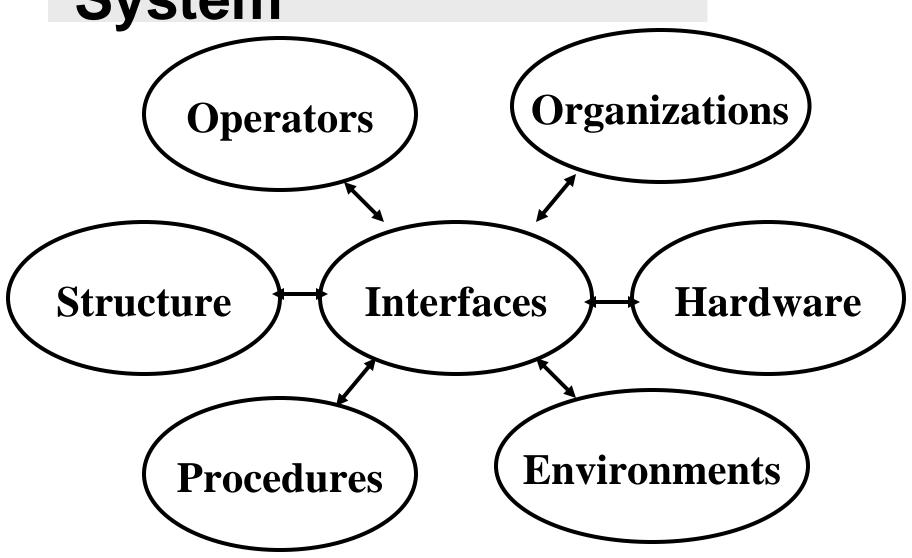
## Organizations Targeting High Reliability Operations

- Commercial Aviation (e.g. United Airlines)
- US Naval Carrier Aviation (e.g. USS Nimitz)
- US Navy Submarine Service (eg Admiral Rickover)
- Commercial Banking (e.q. Risk Management Association, S.W.I.F.T.)
- Healthcare (e.g. Loma Linda Hospital Pediatric Intensive Care Unit, Kaiser Permanente Neo Natal Units, Kaiser IT Division)
- Commercial Nuclear Power (e.g. Diablo Canyon Power Plant)
- Commercial Marine Industry (e.g. BP, Shell)
- Community Emergency Services (e.g. Orange County, CA, Fire Authority)
- Manned Space Flight (Columbia Accident Investigation Board, NASA-Goddard)

## Mr. and Mrs. America and all the Ships at Sea: Just In....

- Interdependent Nature of Systems Components
- Components Need to Work Together
- Unintended Consequences of Changes in A Affecting B
- What are These Components?

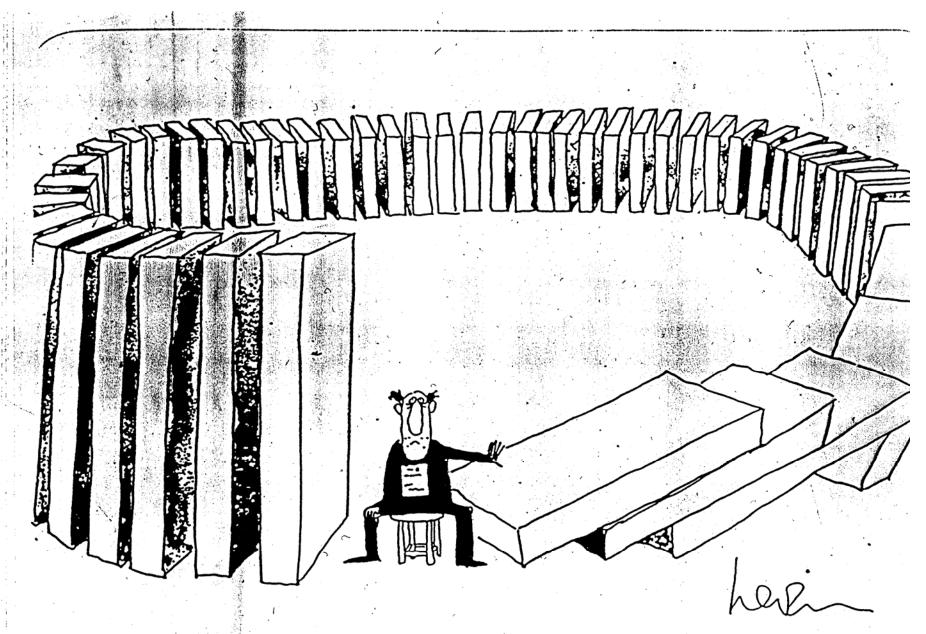
Components of a 'System'



## IT'S THE SYSTEM,

## STUPID

"Here is what we know. It is not just the tire, it's the car. And it's not just the car, it's the driver. Nothing in the system has made a numero uno priority either of protecting New Orleans from hurricanes or to restoring even hanging onto - the Louisiana coast. We have a flood control program, a navigation program, a permitting program, a coastal management program, a flood insurance program, a coastal restoration program - just for openers - and they do not talk to each other. They are riddled with conflicts, basically headless, basically goal-less, weakened by compromises and refuse outright to deal with first causes and first needs (Houck, 2006 p.40).



wing by Levin; O 1976 The New Yorker Magazine, Inc.

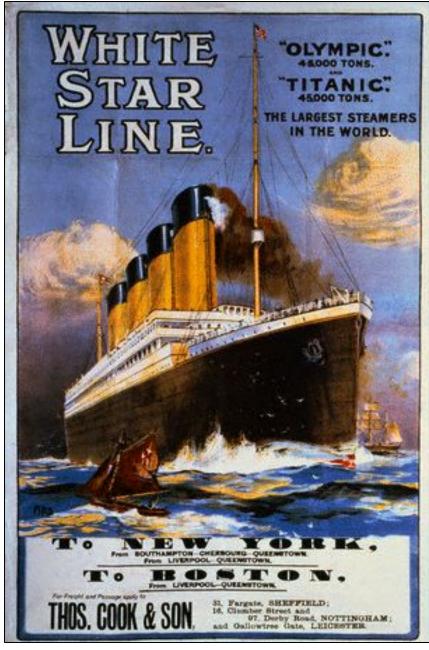


# Non-HRO's Weick, Sutcliffe, Obstfeld (1998)

- attend meetings and solve nothing,
- catch airplanes and miss 'connections',
- conduct briefings and persuade no one,
- evaluate proposals and miss the winners, and
- meet deadlines for projects on which the plug has been (or should be) pulled
- organizations in which people shuffle papers and lose a few

### Non-HRO's

- Focus on success
- Underdeveloped cognitive infrastructure
- Focus on efficiency
- Inefficient learning (episodic)
- Lack of diversity (focused conformity)
- Information & communications filtering
- Reject early warning signs of quality degradations



When anyone asks me how I can best describe my experience in nearly forty years at sea, I merely say, uneventful.

Of course there have been winter gales, and storms and fog and the like, but in all my experience, I have never been in any accident of any sort worth speaking about.

I never saw a wreck and never have been wrecked, nor was I ever in any predicament that threatened to end in disaster of any sort.

You see, I am not very good material for a story.

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Edward J. Smith, Captain, RMS Titanic